Enacting the Service Oriented Modeling Framework (SOMF) using Enterprise Architect

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Summary

This document presents an overview of the modeling notation introduced by Michael Bell in his seminal book *Service-Oriented Modeling - Service Analysis, Design and Architecture*. This notation is currently available in the Enterprise Architect modeling tool from [Sparx Systems](http://www.sparxsystems.com) as a free add-in. SOMF provides a formal method of defining services at different levels of abstraction, along with a set of disciplines to guide practicing modelers. Moreover, this overview does not cover the process related aspects of the book, such as the extensive guidelines for service discovery. Instead it focuses on the modeling facets, including meta-model concepts and notation, using sample diagrams for illustration.

**Trademarks**

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Goals of the SOMF notation

In his book Michael Bell documents a service-oriented modeling language that offers:

- A holistic and anthropomorphic software development platform that is not based on any particular programming language, nor constrained to any implementation technology (e.g. Web Services).

- A software development practice with a modeling discipline and language that advocates a holistic view of all organizational software entities, such as legacy applications, services, infrastructure, or business processes, wherein these entities are viewed as service-oriented assets.

- Model-driven analysis, design and architectural disciplines that foster asset reusability, high ROI and a strong value proposition.

- Software lifecycle and service portfolio management practices.

- An easy to use notation for modeling the “used-to-be”, “as-is”, and “to-be” states of the enterprise service catalog.

- A comprehensive set of modeling viewpoints: conceptual, analysis, design, business integration, and architecture, as illustrated in Exhibit 1.

- Methods to strengthen the ties between Business and IT organizations.

- Best practices to promote business agility, asset reuse, and a loosely coupled service ecosystem by leveraging a universal modeling language and guiding.

- A business and technology transparency model that advocates tractability of investment decisions and justification of architectural implementations.
Exhibit 1: SOMF Practices, Disciplines, and Modeling Artifacts
Modeling SOMF in Enterprise Architect

In the sections that follow we demonstrate the SOMF viewpoints that can be modeled inside Enterprise Architect using the example of a hypothetical Travel Booking company.

Service-Oriented Analysis Viewpoint

The service-oriented analysis viewpoint that is exemplified in Exhibit 2 can be employed to produce a mockup of a future service-oriented landscape. Consider the guiding principles for the analysis viewpoint:

- Conformance to enterprise strategies and best practices such as reusability, loose coupling, and alignment of business and information technology (IT) organizations.
- Focusing on the diagram paradigm to present a solution.
- Enabling efficient service discovery.
- Identifying service granularity levels and establishing a fine balance between coarse-grained and fine-grained services for a project or an enterprise solution.
- Engaging legacy systems, services, abstractions and other software assets to provide a collaborative remedy for an organizational concern.
- Illustrating service relationships and dependencies.
- Enabling transformation of one service type to another to document the structural evolution of services. For example, from atomic to composite.
- Enabling business, architectural, and technological traceability aspects by documenting a service metamorphosis during its life cycle.
- Preserving the invariant properties of the services, so as to not alter their identity or primary functionality.
Exhibit 2: Analysis Proposition Diagram

Atomic services “Standard” and “Luxury Car Reservation” were decomposed from composite Service “Car Reservation” (1), after which they were unified into a single atomic service (2) which represents the transformation of the original composite service (3). This atomic service was then aggregated into the composite “Travel Booking” (4).

Composite service “Event Booking” was subtracted from “Travel Booking”, for possible discontinuation.
Business Integration Viewpoint

This business integration perspective that is illustrated in Exhibit 3 demonstrates another SOMF viewpoint: integration of a service with its corresponding business environment, namely business tiers and business domains.

Consider the chief goals for employing SOMF’s Business Integration modeling notation:

- Matching service-oriented assets to business domains by comparing their functional capabilities, business value, and architectural compatibility.

- Aligning services with business structural and contextual perspectives to provide concrete business points of reference.

- Providing an opportunity to study an organization’s business ownership, funding, and sponsorship systems.

- Identifying cross-cutting business concerns such as reusability of assets, interoperability, and asset consolidation.

- Aligning service granularity with the business domain granularity (coarse-grained or fine-grained).
Logical Design Viewpoint

The logical design viewpoint that is advocated by SOMF addresses three major concerns: service relationships, design composition, and behavioral and transactional aspects of services and their corresponding consumers. The sections that follow illustrate the chief benefits that are attained by using the SOMF’s logical design viewpoint.

Service-Oriented Relationship

The service relationship perspective, as depicted in Exhibit 4, illustrates service dependency and message routing paths between service providers and corresponding consumers. Consider the major objectives achieved by creating a service logical design relationship diagram:

- Defining a sound service-oriented logical solution, by which services are related to their corresponding consumers.
- Setting the stage for establishing message routes between service providers and consumers.
- Depicting service cardinality and describing messaging delivery methods, such as one-to-one, many-to-many, and many-to-one.
- Discovering service interfaces.
- Founding service collaborations and interface mechanisms.
- Establishing service indirection methods and identifying service intermediary responsibilities.

Exhibit 4: Service-Oriented Logical Design Relationship Diagram
Service-Oriented Logical Design Composition

The service-oriented logical design composition perspective is employed for assembling/packaging services as deployable solutions in a distributed service ecosystem. Furthermore, the logical design composition diagram, as illustrated in Exhibits 5 and 6, provides a fundamental blueprint used by analysis, architecture and construction teams to describe a stylized collaboration between services and corresponding consumers. Consider the three constituents of the design composition task:

- Building blocks: Atomic, composite and clustered services are the artifacts used to establish a logical design solution.
- Supporting elements: Design beams that are utilized to “glue” services and enable a stylized deployment environment (refer to Exhibit 7).
- Design strategies: Reusability, asset consolidation, loose coupling, interoperability, service granularity alignment, etc.

Exhibit 5: Logical Design Composition Diagram Employing the Circular Style
Enacting the Service Oriented Modeling Framework (SOMF) using Enterprise Architect

Exhibit 6: Logical Design Composition Diagram Employing the Star Style

Exhibit 7: Complete Set of Design Beam Styles Prescribed by the Notation
**Service-Oriented Transaction**

As presented by Exhibit 8, the service transaction diagram is devised to tackle three chief concerns:

1. Interaction and collaboration between services and their related consumers.
2. Orchestration and choreography of activities that engage services and corresponding consumers.
3. Sequence and synchronization of transactions.

In complex scenarios multiple transactions can be grouped inside a *session* framework. Thus, a session should be constructed to attain two major goals:

1. Represent a unit of time during which one or more transactions are executed to accomplish a business process (or a set of related business activities).
2. Define the boundaries around a group of related transactions.

Furthermore, a single transaction (marked with a blue boundary in the diagram below) can be broken down into one or more *activity groups* (marked with green boundaries), with each group depicting a coordinated/synchronized group of messages.

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*Exhibit 8: Service-Oriented Transaction Diagram*
Conclusion

If this brief overview of the powerful SOMF notation has piqued your interest then its goal has been achieved!

Whether used solely as a SOMF modeling platform, or in combination with its robust support for standard notations such as UML, BPMN and SoaML, the Enterprise Architect tool provides a high quality storehouse for all types of metadata. Additional features including requirements management, automated artifact generation (code, XML schema, RDBMS schema, WSDL, BPEL,…), reverse engineering, traceability management and model-to-model transformations allow for an end-to-end representation of all the modeling artifacts that make up a SOA service definition and delivery process into a single repository!

Watch this space for an upcoming revision of the SOMF add-in for Enterprise Architect that will cover additional notational elements as well as a set of patterns modeled in accordance with Michael’s latest book, SOA Modeling Patterns for Service-Oriented Discovery and Analysis.
About Cephas Consulting Corp.

Since 2001, Cephas Consulting Corp. has been active helping its corporate clients introduce state of the art information technologies. We offer expertise in the areas of:

- Modeling business applications using object oriented techniques
- Building distributed component infrastructures
- Introducing formal software development processes
- Migrating development organizations into Model Driven Architecture (MDA)
- Providing advanced UML/MDA training and mentoring

Cephas specializes in introducing formal modeling practices into organizations via training and mentoring. The team of consultants and architects at Cephas draw on many years of experience to offer a one-stop solution addressing all aspects of managing the enterprise meta-data.

- Training and mentoring from beginner to expert level
- Migrating meta-data out of legacy environments
- Training for onsite guardianship of the development environment
- Customizing the modeling tool to respond to unique client requirements
- Providing expert level support and maintenance

Cephas Consulting has the required expertise to lead organizations into the use of Model Driven Architecture. As early adopters we have successfully helped a number of clients implement MDA. We are also thrilled to work as OMG members on expanding the mind share of MDA in the marketplace, because we believe it is ideally suited to deal with the challenges of managing complex software development in times of rapid technology obsolescence.

Our highest commitment is in achieving success through quality, and we take pride in the accomplishments of our clients.

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About SPARX Systems

Established in 1996 by Geoffrey Sparks, Sparx Systems is an Australian company based at Creswick, Victoria. With over a decade invested in the development of Enterprise Architect, the company's motivated team of engineers are dedicated to the ongoing development and support of modeling tools and object-oriented methodologies.

Sparx Systems aims to satisfy the growing needs of business and IT Users involved in software and systems development, by providing immediate delivery and ongoing support of affordable, productive and user-friendly modeling software.

Sparx Systems believes that a complete modeling and design tool should be used throughout the full lifecycle of software development. Our subscription plan reflects this, and our belief that "life-cycle" software should be as dynamic and modern as the systems you design and maintain.

Sparx software is intended for use by analysts, designers, architects, developers, testers, project managers and maintenance staff - almost everyone involved in a software development project and in business analysis. It is Sparx Systems' belief that highly priced CASE tools severely limit teams, and ultimately organizations, by narrowing the effective user base and inhibiting access to important model information. To this end, Sparx Systems is committed to both maintaining an accessible pricing model and to distributing a 'Read Only' (EA Lite) version of Enterprise Architect for use by those who only need to view modeling information.

Enterprise Architect is used by companies ranging from large, well-known, multinational organizations to many smaller independent companies and consultants. The Sparx discussion forum confirms a solid and active user base.

Sparx software is used for the development of various kinds of software systems for a wide range of industries, including: aerospace, banking, web development, engineering, finance, medicine, military, research, academia, transport, retail, utilities (gas, electricity etc.), electrical engineering and many more. It is also used effectively for UML and business architecture training purposes in many prominent colleges, education facilities and universities around the world.

Website: http://www.sparxsystems.com

Sparx Systems can be contacted at the following email addresses:

Sales inquiries: sales@sparxsystems.com.au
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About Methodologies Corporation

Established in 2001 by Michael Bell, Methodologies Corporation is a leading business and technology modeling company that offers modern approaches to reduce enterprise expenditure, and increase profitability. These goals are achieved through adoption of state-of-the-art technologies, such as business process modeling, service-oriented architecture (SOA) modeling, and Cloud Computing modeling.

Methodologies Corporation facilitates business growth by providing strategy, assessment, training, and implementation services. These offerings are devised to foster enterprise assets reusability and consolidation, expenditure reduction, increase productivity and efficiency, and accelerate time-to-market through modern business and technology modeling methods.

Methodologies Corporation offers modeling services in the following chief categories:

- Enterprise Architecture
- Application architecture
- Business Architecture and Business Process Automation
- Service-Oriented Architecture (SOA) Modeling
- Cloud Computing Modeling
- Training

Methodologies Corporation offers business and technology modeling services to a wide range of industries, such as investment banking, trading and brokerage, insurance, government, credit card, retail, manufacturing, pharmaceutical, and publishing.

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